Advanced Excel for Productivity

VBA and Macros Reference

Referencing Workbooks		Loops and Logic	
ThisWorkbook	The workbook that is currently running code	For n = 1 to 100 Next n	Loop a fixed number of times; iterates n
ActiveWorkbook	The workbook that is active (has a cell selected)	Do While [condition] Loop	Loop as long as [condition] is true
Workbooks("file.xlsx")	The open workbook called file.xlsx	While [condition] Loop	Loop as long as [condition] is true
Workbooks.Open("C:\Path\file.xlsx")	Open a workbook file	Do Until [condition] Loop	Loop until [condition] is true
		Do Loop While [condition]	Run at least once; loop while [condition] is true
Referencing Sheets		For Each wb in Workbooks Next wb	Loop through each open Workbook
ActiveSheet	Currently active sheet	For Each s on Worksheets Next s	Loop through each Sheet in a Workbook
WorkSheets("name")	Reference a sheet by its name (label)	For Each c in Selection Next c	Loop through each Cell in the selected range
ActiveWorkbook.Sheets("name")	Same as above; "ActiveWorkbook" part is optional	For Each pt in PivotTables Next pt	Loop through each PivotTable on active sheet
Sheets(1)	The first sheet in order; changes if you rearrange sheets	If [condition] Then [do this] Else [do that] EndIf	If condition is true, execute a set of commands
Sheet1 / Sheet2 / Sheet3 / etc	Best way to always reference the same sheet	If [cond1] Then [s1] Elself [cond2] Then [s2] EndIf	Multiple If conditions and multiple statements
ThisWorkbook.Sheet1.Activate	Activates Sheet1; even if you rename or rearrange sheets	Exit Sub / Exit Function	Stop executing Macro or Function
Referencing Cells		Math	
Range("C2")	Cell C2; not best practice since cells can move around	Application.Min() / Application.Max()	Minimum or Maximum of multiple values
Cells(2,3)	Cell in row 2, column 3, which is C2	Application.Round(X, n)	Round value X to n significant digits
Range("named_range")	Best way to reference cells; use a named reference cell	Math.Abs(X)	Absolute value of X
ActiveCell	Currently active single cell (part of Selection)		
Selection	Selected cell(s)	Optimize for Speed	
Columns("A:B")	Reference entire columns; also works as Columns(1)	Application.ScreenUpdating = False	Macro runs faster by not updating the screen
Rows("1:2")	Reference entire rows; also works as Rows(1)	Application.Calculation=xlCalculationManual	Manual calculation mode; can make macro faster
EntireRow	Reference the entire row; e.g. Selection.EntireRow	Application.Calculate	Need this to force a calculation in Manual mode
.EntireColumn	Reference the entire column; e.g. Selection.EntireColumn	Application.Calculation=xlCalculationAutomatic	Automatic calculation; this is the default
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Actions on Sheets/Cells		Workbook Properties and Actions	
Select	Sheet or cell becomes the current selection	.Name	Name of the file, with extension ("file.xlsx")
Activate	Same as .Select	.Path	Directory path of the file ("C:\Folders")
Offset(A, B)	Offset (move) the selection by A rows and B columns	.FullName	Path + Name of file ("C:\Folders\file.xlsx")
Resize(A, B)	Resize the selection to A rows by B columns size	.Save	Save the workbook
AutoFit	Autofit height or width (of entire rows or columns)	.SaveAs	Save As, specify file name and extension type
RowHeight	Change height of row/cell	.Close	Close the workbook
ColumnWidth	Change width of column/cell	.RefreshAll	Refresh all connections in workbook
Delete	Delete cell(s)		
ClearContents	Clear values/formulas from cell (same as DEL key)	Workbook Objects	
ClearFormats	Clear all formatting from cell (colors, borders, number)	.Sheets / .Worksheets	Sheets (can use with For Each)
Copy / .Cut	Copy or Cut the selection (use with cells / ranges)	.Charts	Charts (can use with For Each)
Insert	Insert cells (rows or columns) above or to the left	.Names	Named references (can use with For Each)
ActiveSheet.Paste	Regular Paste of cut/copied range	.Connections	External data connections (can use with For Each)
Selection.PasteSpecial Paste:=xlPasteValues	Paste Special; in this case just values		
Application.CutCopyMode = False	Turns off Cut/Copy of selection	Pivot Tables	
[Sheet1].Copy	Copy Sheet1 to a new workbook by itself	Application.EnableEvents = False	Macro runs faster; useful before any Pivot changes
Sheet1].Move	Move Sheet1 to a new workbook by itself	PivotTables(1).RefreshTable	Refresh pivot table (first pivot on sheet)
Sheet1].Copy after:= [Sheet2]	Copy Sheet1 and paste it after Sheet2	PivotTables(1).PivotFields("Category")	Reference to pivot field Category
Sheet1].Move before:= [Sheet3]	Move Sheet1 before Sheet3	.PivotFields("Category").PivotItems("Blue").Visible	Filter on or off (True or False) for Category = Blue
		.PivotFields("Category").CurrentPage = "Blue"	Switch filter to only Category = Blue
Properties of Cells		.PivotFields("Category").ClearAllFilters	Unfilter Category (i.e. include all values)
Value	Value of cell		·
Formula	Formula of cell; if there's no formula then same as value	Keyboard Shortcuts	
Address	Address of cell, e.g. "\$A\$2" or "\$B\$5"	ALT + F11	Switch between VBA editor and Excel
	Set font size (can also set Font.Color; Font.Bold; etc)	F5	Run VBA macro
ront.size			
.Font.Size .Interior.Color	Set cell background color	F9	Insert or remove break point